CLAIMS

(Previously Presented) A method of forming a product selected from at least one of a
gel and a powder, the method comprising oxidatively treating a liquid precursor in at
least one of a non-thermal equilibrium plasma discharge and an ionized gas stream
resulting therefrom and collecting the resulting product, wherein the liquid precursor
is selected from at least one organometallic liquid precursor, at least one
organometalloid liquid precursor, and mixtures thereof and wherein the liquid
precursor is introduced into the non-thermal equilibrium plasma in the form of an
atomized liquid.

(Previously Presented) A method in accordance with claim 1 wherein the liquid
precursor is transported through at least one of an atmospheric plasma discharge and
an ionized gas stream resulting therefrom, by being dropped under gravity or
entrained in a carrier gas.

- (Cancelled).
- (Cancelled).

- (Original) A method in accordance with claim 4 wherein the atomized liquid is introduced into the non-thermal equilibrium plasma by direct injection.
- (Previously Presented) A method in accordance with claim 1 wherein the non-thermal equilibrium plasma is an atmospheric plasma glow discharge.
- (Previously Presented) A method in accordance with claim 1 wherein the non-thermal
 equilibrium plasma is selected from a continuous low pressure glow discharge
 plasma, a low pressure pulse plasma and a dielectric barrier discharge.
- (Previously Presented) A method in accordance with claim 1 wherein the liquid
 precursor is at least one of an organometallic compound of titanium, zirconium, iron,
 aluminium, indium and tin.
- (Previously Presented) A method in accordance with claim 1 wherein the liquid precursor is an organometalloid compound of germanium or silicon.
- (Previously Presented) A method in accordance with claim 9 wherein the silicon organometalloid compound is an organopolysiloxane having a viscosity of from 0.65 mPa.s. to 1000 mPa.s.

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Claims 11-13. (Cancelled).

14. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1 wherein the step of treating

is carried out using an apparatus comprising a means for generating a nonthermal

equilibrium plasma, a means of at least one of introducing and retaining liquid

precursor, wherein the means of introducing the liquid precursor is an atomizer.

15. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 14 wherein said

apparatus is an atmospheric pressure glow discharge assembly wherein the

atmospheric plasma is generated between spaced apart parallel electrodes which are

flat, parallel or concentric parallel electrodes.

16. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 14 comprising a pair of

vertically arrayed, parallel spaced-apart planar electrodes with at least one dielectric

plate between the pair of electrodes, adjacent one electrode, the spacing between the

dielectric plate and the other dielectric plate or electrode forming a plasma region.

17. (Previously Presented) The method in accordance with claim 16 wherein each

electrode is in the form of a watertight box having a side formed by a dielectric plate

having bonded thereto on the interior of the box a planar electrode together with a

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liquid inlet adapted to spray water or an aqueous solution onto the face of the planar electrode.

- 18. (Cancelled)
- 19. (Previously Presented) A method in accordance with claim 9 wherein the silicon organometalloid compound is an organopolysiloxane having a viscosity of from 100 mPa.s to 1,000,000 mPa.s. dissolved in at least one of an organic solvent and an organosilicone solvent.